

SSM WHITE PAPER PRELIMINARY RESULTS



What is Northern Policy Institute?

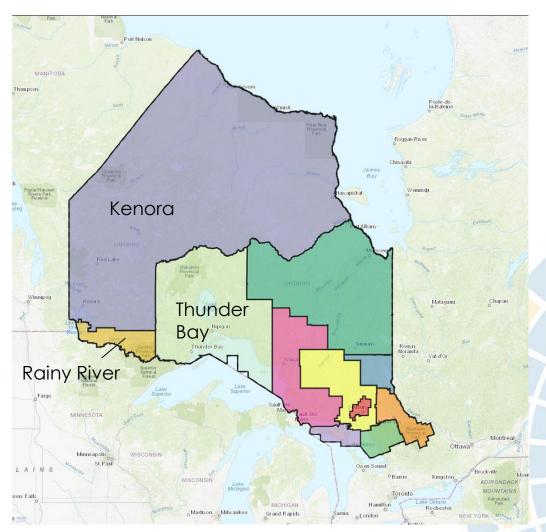
Northern Policy Institute is a **think tank** that conducts **independent** policy work, to provide **evidence-based solutions** to sustain and grow Northern Ontario.

- Independent authors are free from interference from everyone, including us
- Non-partisan we do not take "sides"
- Evidence based we collect, measure and interpret data
- IN the North we deal with local, regional, provincial, national and international issues from a northern perspective

Four Key Themes from Sioux Lookout Discussion

- Lack of system supports
- System design and diversity of service population
- Geographic distance and service delivery
- Digital delivery is unrealistic at present in Northwestern Ontario

Northwestern Ontario



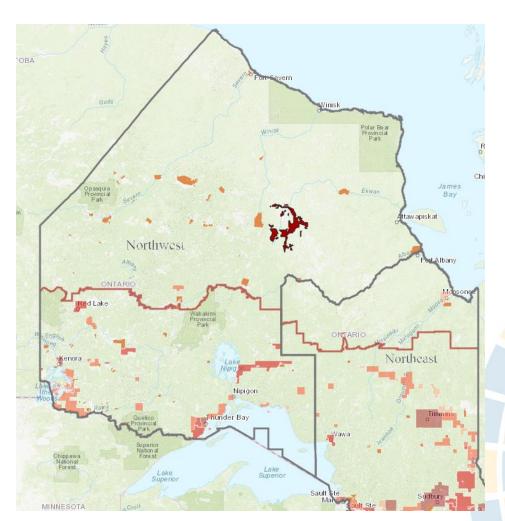
for nearly 60% of <mark>N</mark>orthern Ontario's total land area

Northwestern Ontario is responsible

- Northwestern Ontario has:
 - 81 First Nations Communities*
 - 10 First Nations Tribal Councils
 - 3 Provincial Territorial Organizations
 - 3 Métis Nation of Ontario Regions
 - 34 Municipalities
 - Kenora and Thunder Bay are the main Northwestern Ontario hubs.

Source: Statistics Canada 2016; <u>Chiefs of Ontario 'Shared Definitions'</u>; <u>Canada 2019 List of Tribal Councils</u>; <u>Association of Municipalities of Ontario Métis Nation of Ontario 2019</u>; <u>Assembly of First Nations</u>; <u>First Nations Map</u> Note: This is based on two types of CSDs: <u>IRIs and S-É</u> or Indian reserve and Indian settlement.

Northwestern Ontario



Northern Policy Institute Infrastructure Map

- The cities of Kenora and Thunder Bay contain more than 52% of the population in the Northwest
- The four next largest communities in this region make up the next 16.7%
- The remaining 30% of the population (roughly 72,300 people) are spread across 100 communities, each with a population of less than 5,000
- More than half of all communities in Northwestern Ontario (58) have fewer than 500 people

Source: Statistics Canada, Census Profile, 2016 Census. Author Calculations

Lack of system supports

Childcare

 Limitation in service language but there is program variety, programs provided by a range of organizations, and connected to current road infrastructure

Transportation

Commonly noted barrier, but can look different to specific groups

Housing

Availability can be an issue depending on the location in Northern Ontario

Other Factors

Health and lack of talent (depending on sector)

Wrap-around supports are key in one's employment journey

System design and diversity of service population

- 5 types of models from the SSM submissions
- Centralization vs decentralization
 - Flexibility and innovation vs common service standards
- Tracking
 - Interpretation issues?
- Collaboration
 - What do relationships look like in Northwestern Ontario?

Geographic distance

- Defining boundaries
 - Where do clients live?
- Costs
 - Multiple factors can influence cost, and not all relate to geography
- Reliability
- To keep in mind
 - Digital delivery channels
 - Appropriate benchmarking
 - Merging complementary services

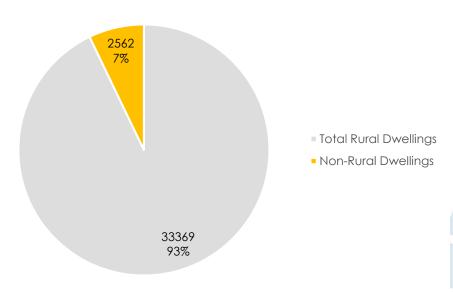
Digital delivery is unrealistic at present in Northwestern Ontario

- Current state of affairs
 - Infrastructure is there, but not is not where it should be; gaps exist
- Digital literacy
- Examples of networks
 - Contact North
 - Keewaytinook Internet High School
 - K-Net
 - Western James Bay Telecom Network
 - Innovation network several organizations

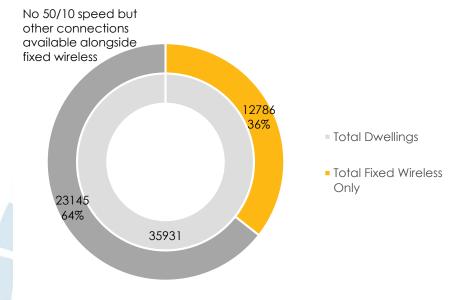
Digital delivery: 50/10 mbps



Total NWO without 50/10 Mbps by Population Classification



Total Dwellings without 50/10 Mbps Internet, NWO







Thank you. Marsee. Paandrno Merci. Miigwech.

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